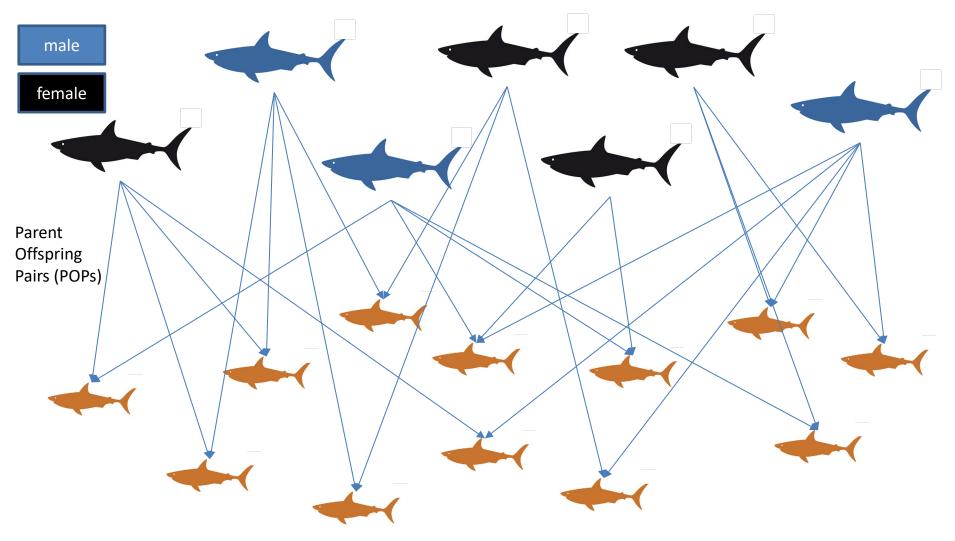


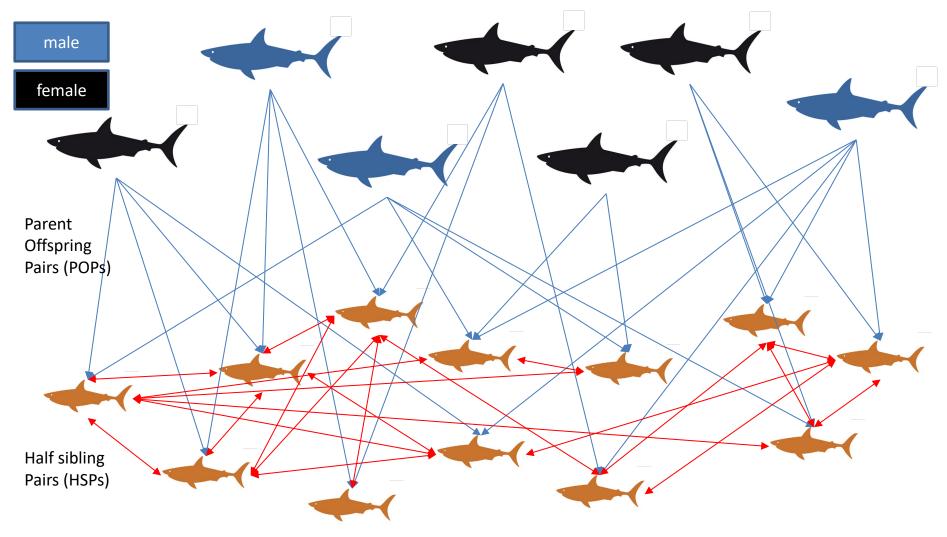
White shark population update

Maugean skate population and habitat

Presenter: Toby Patterson, CSIRO Environment Research Unit



See Bravington, Skaug, Anderson (2016) Stat. Sci.



See Bravington, Skaug, Anderson (2016) Stat. Sci.

White shark population update:



Updated on previous estimates Bruce et al (2018)

Investigate stock structure in white sharks at southern hemisphere scale:

Eastern Australia / New Zealand / Southern—
Western Australia, South Africa

CSIRO: Toby Patterson, Russ Bradford, Richard Hillary, Pierre Feutry, Paige

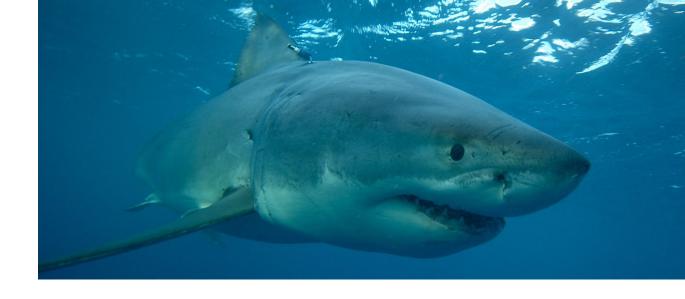
Eveson

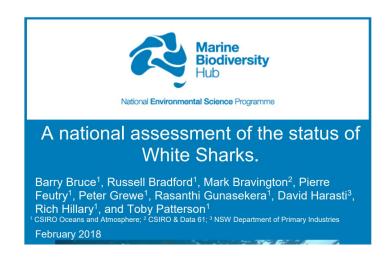
WA DPIRD: Mike Travers

Flinders University: Charlie Huveneers

SARDI: Michael Drew

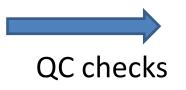
NSW DPIRD: Paul Butcher





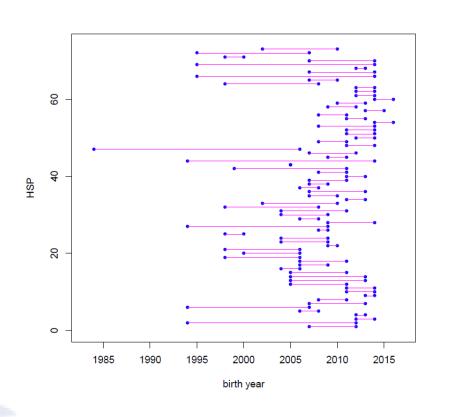
Eastern population

Initial N_{samp} =281 (considered >14k loci)



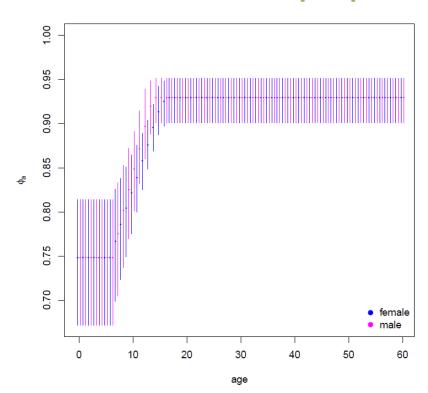
$$N_{samp} = 214 / 3097 loci$$





- 73 HSP / 23 FSP
- Mean cohort difference 5.5 years (1 HSP -22 yr difference)
 - => High adult survival.
- mtDNA:
 - 36% share a haplotype/ 64% did not
 - => ♂ bias

Eastern population



Adult population size: 700-750

Adults (CV: 0.2)

Overall adult survival: 0.93 (SD: 0.03)

Sex ratio : 60/40

Population growth rate: -0.03 (n.s.

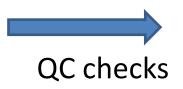
from 0.0)

- -> Stable adult population
- -> Strong evidence against increase

Combined with juvenile survival estimate (0.73 from acoustic tracking data -Estimate of total population size: $N_{total} = 5460 (2909-12802)$

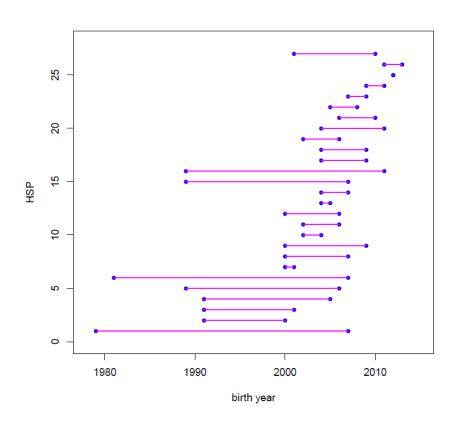
Southern-Western population

Initial N_{samp} =271 (considered >14k loci)



$$N_{samp} = 175 / 3185 loci$$





- 27 HSP / 14 FSP
- Mean cohort difference 8.4 y
- 1 HSP -30 yr difference
 - => High adult survival.
- mtDNA:
 - 40% share a haplotype/ 59% did not
 - => ♀bias (uncertain)

Maugean skate

CSIRO – Toby Patterson, Paige Eveson, Shane Baylis, Pierre Feutry, Karen Wild-Allen, Richard Thomson.

IMAS – Jayson Semmens, David Moreno, Kwan Tzu

Aims:

Close kin Mark Recapture

Use tissues samples from IMAS sampling (2012 – present; N=4-500 samples) to attempt an estimate of adult abundance and trend over 20 years.

- Initial sequencing conducted by IMAS. Evidence of kin pairs but new sequencing being undertaken to provide more accurate characterisation of kin pairs.
- Investigate whether CKMR can be used to track adult abundance as a monitoring tool.

Habitat Modelling

- Use IMAS telemetry data from skate coupled with CSIRO biophysical models of Macquarie Harbour
- Map extent of likely habitat throughout Macquarie harbour and examine variability in habitat



Thank you

Contact: Toby Patterson (toby.patterson@csiro.au)

